What Is MTurk?

MTurk functions as a virtual labor market where registered Workers complete online Human Intelligence Tasks (HITs) for pay. During registration, all MTurk Workers are required to electronically sign a Participation Agreement confirming that they are at least 18 years of age. Likewise, individuals must register as MTurk Requesters to post HITs and collect data from consenting Workers.

MTurk Acceptable Use Policy, Amazon Privacy Policy, and Participation Agreement should be read in their entirety.

Is MTurk Anonymous?

Internal HITs

For internal HITs, MTurk provides a template for the construction of surveys run directly on Amazon (Mason & Suri, 2011). For the following reasons, data may be identifiable when HITs are internally run:

(a) MTurk automatically collects IP addresses. MTurk’s Privacy Policy states that IP addresses are automatically collected and analyzed by Amazon. In general, the HREB considers IP addresses to be potentially identifiable, depending on context.
(b) Amazon has access to Workers’ personal identifiable information (PII) and survey responses. Amazon has access to Workers’ account information – such as name, email address, and physical address – and survey responses (Mason & Suri, 2011).
(c) MTurk Worker IDs are automatically linked to survey responses. MTurk’s Terms of Service (ToS) do not allow for Requesters to directly access any PII from Workers. Consequently, all payment transactions are done using a 14-character alphanumeric code that is unique and specific to each MTurk Worker, and does not offer any clue as to a Worker’s identity (Lease et al., 2013). This code, referred to as an MTurk Worker ID, is linked to survey responses for purposes of remuneration.

While Requesters do not have direct access to Workers’ PII on MTurk, at least one recent study has shown that Worker IDs are linked to product reviews, ratings, and PII on publicly-available Amazon Profiles. This is because Amazon assigns one ID number to individuals who register for both online shopping and MTurk using the same account. For example:

Jane Doe creates an Amazon account for online shopping and uses the same email address to register for MTurk. Amazon assigns Jane the same alphanumeric ID number for both purposes: MT8936XJUB9352.

This ID number is embedded in the URL of users’ Profile pages. Therefore, for MTurk survey respondents who also maintain a publicly-available Amazon Profile, it may be
possible to identify individuals based on the amount and type of information shared on his/her public profile.

**External HITs**

Requesters may choose to use MTurk as a recruitment tool, but embed a link within MTurk that redirects Workers to complete online surveys via a separate, external site managed by the Requester, such as Qualtrics. For Workers who choose to complete external HITs, survey data are never available to Amazon MTurk. The HREB may consider this type of survey data collection to be generally anonymous (meaning that no identifiers can be linked to the data, either directly or through a coding system) given the following criteria are met:

a. Survey questions do not ask for any PII or MTurk Worker IDs;

b. It would not be possible to identify an individual based on his/her survey responses;

c. The anonymize option is turned on in the online survey (e.g., See the handout Anonymizing Qualtrics Surveys); and

d. Any compensation code automatically generated by the external site for payment in MTurk cannot be used to link individual MTurk Worker IDs to survey responses (i.e. each participant receives the same completion code at the end of the survey instead of a unique completion code linked to survey responses).

External HITs are recommended for MTurk survey research, particularly when questions are intended to solicit information that may be considered sensitive or personal, or that may pose greater-than-minimal risk to participants. However, investigators should keep in mind that Internet-based research can increase potential risks to confidentiality due to the possibility of third-party interception, and that no guarantees of complete confidentiality or anonymity can or should be made to study participants.

There are numerous publicly-available online tutorials for administering Qualtrics surveys via MTurk.

**NotifyWorkers**

As noted previously, MTurk does not allow for Requesters to directly access any PII from Workers. In the event that a Requester needs to contact an individual Worker or group of Workers, he/she may do so using MTurk’s NotifyWorkers operation. This operation allows Requesters to send email to Workers using only Worker IDs. However, responding to a Requester’s email will expose the Worker’s email address to the Requester, and potentially his/her name along with information about the specific Task (e.g., survey). Investigators should be wary of the possibility of exposing PII when using MTurk’s NotifyWorkers operation.

This guidance document is intended for investigators conducting online research using Amazon’s Mechanical Turk (MTurk), based on the most up-to-date information.
regarding MTurk as of September 2019. Should you need additional assistance, please contact Maryalice Citera at HREBchair@newpaltz.edu or Roseann Merrill at HREBsecretary@newpaltz.edu.