

1 2 2 MR. CHRISTIAN: Good afternoon, everyone. Thanks to all of you for joining us 3 for this forum Town Hall on Inclusion. For those 4 5 of you who don't know me, my name is Donald Christian and I have the great privilege of 6 serving as President here at SUNY New Paltz. I 7 want to welcome all of you. I told someone I 8 9 have the challenge here of audiences to my front 10 and my back. 11 I also want to welcome Dr. Steven Jones 12 back to campus. Dr. Jones will be guiding 13 today's Town Hall discussion. He's nationally 14 recognized for his twenty-seven years of 15 experience as a speaker, trainer and facilitator on diversity. In 2005 he was noted as one of 16 17 America's top diversity experts by Diversityinc 18 magazine. He's been providing cultural competence educational programming here at New 19 20 Paltz for about the last year or so and has now 21 worked with more than 300 members of our 22 community who speak almost universally and 23 uniformly about the powerful impact that their 24 work with him has had on their thinking and their 25 world view. We're delighted to have him back

here with us today. He was here just last week working with University Police in the morning and a session with faculty and staff in the afternoon.

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I want to set the stage for our 6 7 discussion today by drawing on a newspaper column published just this past Sunday by Leonard Pitts 8 9 who often writes about diversity, inclusion, race 10 and racism. His very timely column was entitled 11 Inclusion Helps Erase Bigotry. He described a 12 research study that used a Canadian television 13 series as a test for reducing prejudice, and this 14 series was called Little Mosque on the Prairie. 15 Some of you may have seen it. It highlights 16 cultural clashes surrounding a Muslim house of 17 worship in a small town in rural Canada. The researchers studied white adults who were first 18 tested to establish a baseline measure of their 19 20 prejudices. Half of that group watched episodes 21 of Little Mosque on the Prairie. The other half 22 watched episodes of Friends. Go figure. Mr. 23 Pitts wrote that prejudice derives from 24 identification of an in-group and an out-group 25 and the social distancing of the first group from

2 the second. Some call this process otherization. The social distance and the tendency to otherize 3 shrank for those adults who watched episodes of 4 Little Mosque on the Prairie. They learned about 5 the lives of Muslim citizens and could imagine 6 7 themselves having similar experiences themselves. They also watched both Muslims and Christians 8 9 struggle with the complex issues that they were 10 dealing with in this community. Changes like 11 that, not surprisingly, did not happen for the 12 people who watched episodes of Friends.

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In part, our purpose here today is to counter otherization and to shrink social distances among members of our community. Otherization and social distancing related to race are a source of deeply rooted issues confronting contemporary American society.

20 Race and racism will no doubt be on our 21 minds today, along with other divisions 22 surrounding gender, sexual orientation, economic 23 status, religion, ability status, other elements 24 of human difference.

25 Mr. Pitts wrote that the study he

described, and I'll quote here, "Underlines a 2 truth often overlooked, namely that inclusion is 3 4 not some enlightened standard operating procedure to political correctness, rather inclusion 5 changes the society itself, it lessens fears, 6 7 opens eyes, unsticks hearts, makes people better. What exclusion otherizes, exclusion normalizes," 8 9 end of quote. So I think those words, as I read 10 them on Sunday morning, they sent kind of a chill 11 down my back because they captured so much of 12 what we hope to accomplish in this session today 13 as well as in our longer term work on diversity 14 and inclusion.

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We know that blatant acts such as hate 15 16 speech are the tip of the iceberg for many 17 members of our community. Below the surface 18 members of our community regularly experience 19 micro-aggression, insult, dismissal, 20 minimization, sometimes invalidation. We have to 21 as a community move beyond the responses to 22 actions that we sometimes hear, such as oh it 23 probably was just a joke, or lighten up, don't 24 take this too seriously, or that are concerned about such incidents is a trivial matter of 25

"political correctness."

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As many of us have learned from Dr. Jones in our training with him, we must develop and reinforce a skill set that shifts our focus from our intentions in such matters to better understand the impact of our words and actions on others.

9 Our campus community can not correct 10 all the ills of American society but we can work 11 to make our campus more inclusive, more 12 equitable. We've learned that having conversations solely in response or reaction to 13 hateful acts or racist incidents is insufficient 14 15 for our long-term welfare. We've learned that we 16 must be committed to ongoing work if we're to address issues that are deeply embedded in our 17 society, our culture, our history and our 18 19 institutions. These are conversations that need to happen at all levels of the institution. 20

21 Dr. Jones has worked with us over the 22 last year to help build common language and 23 cultural competency skills that will help members 24 of our community move these conversations forward 25 in respectful and productive ways and offer all

of us tools to disrupt incidents of exclusion. 2 Today's conversation will also help inform and 3 quide institutional level planning as we look to 4 5 appoint a chief diversity officer, develop our campus plan on diversity and inclusion this 6 7 spring and summer, and form a standing committee that will help sustain these efforts. 8 9 I will listen and participate as a 10 member of this campus community and under the 11 smaller group that I'll describe here shortly. Ι 12 recognize and acknowledge the special 13 responsibility that a college president has to 14 set tone, to lead by example and to motivate

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set tone, to lead by example and to motivate change. I understand that and expect that some questions and comments today may be directed toward me. I stand ready to learn, along with everyone else, about how I can fulfill those roles better. Members of the College's senior leadership team are also here today for that purpose as well.

I hope that everyone here recognizes that we, the senior leadership team and I, can not be in every classroom, every student organization meeting, residents hall or faculty

discussion, nor can we read and respond to every social media posting. This is why it's critical that each of us listen today with compassion and leave with a sense of responsibility to be more intentional in recognizing our biases and their impacts on members of our community.

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Before I turn the microphone over to 8 9 Dr. Jones I want to note that we're audio 10 recording this meeting to preserve these 11 conversations as part of our institutional 12 history. A transcript of this Town Hall will be 13 available in the future, but I want to make clear 14 that individual speakers will not be identified 15 in that transcript.

We want to welcome (redacted name) who is a student journalist from the Oracle here to report on this Town Hall. She's been asked not to quote anyone directly but has been encouraged to speak with participants afterwards who may be willing to offer comment.

I want to comment just very briefly about this Town Hall format. This is a typical format for Town Hall meetings, particularly with large groups like this where there's a smaller

2 group that leads to focused and maybe more continuous conversation than we can develop if we 3 try to engage a very large community in 4 5 discussion. The members of this smaller group represent a mixture of students, faculty, staff. 6 7 The faculty and staff are here because they represent particular interests in some of the 8 9 topics that we're discussing today. They may 10 serve in particular offices that -- where this 11 work is particularly relevant or they may have 12 particular expertise that we think can help advance the conversation. The students who are 13 14 here have expressed concern about key issues on 15 the campus in recent months, and we know that 16 they also want to help move these conversations 17 along. So with that, Dr. Jones. 18 (Applause.) 19 DR. JONES: Thank you. 20 MR. CHRISTIAN: Welcome back. 21 DR. JONES: Good afternoon. How's 22 everyone doing this afternoon? Good, good, good, 23 good. I am really excited to be here with you. 24 Can you hear me okay? 25 AUDIENCE: Yeah.

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DR. JONES: Yeah. And I also want to 2 start off by acknowledging that this Town Hall 3 that we're going to hold today on inclusion is a 4 5 very, very significant event, and I say it's a significant event because we say that to build 6 7 that culture of inclusion takes intentionality. It doesn't happen by accident, right. Because we 8 9 know that you can have diversity and not have 10 inclusion. Yes? You can have inclusion and not 11 have diversity. Right? The question becomes how 12 do we create an intentional campus community 13 where we have both diversity functioning within 14 an inclusive environment. Right? And that's a 15 big part of why we're here today, to continue 16 this ongoing effort, to continue to support the 17 diversity that exists and increase that diversity right here at New Paltz, and then also to focus 18 on building and increasing the level of 19 inclusion. 20 21

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Now, when we talk about building the level of inclusion we are challenged to explore the diversity within the diversity. Ya'll, I'm going deep today, ya'll, all right. What do I mean? I mean you can have some groups that may

2 feel included, and then right next to that have 3 other groups that do not. Right? We can have the LGB members of our community feel very 4 5 diverse and not have the transgender community feel included. I'm sorry. Ya'll know what I 6 7 meant, right? I said diverse but I meant inclusion. Right. We can have women feel 8 9 included and not have people who are members of 10 the lower socioeconomic community feel included. 11 So this is a complex 3D or 4D challenge. That 12 was dimensions, ya'll. That was dimensions. 13 Right. So I say that because I want to invite us 14 to enter a complex conversation. A complex 15 conversation that challenges us to explore the conscious and the unconscious biases that we all 16 hold. We say if you have a brain you have bias. 17

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18 I was doing a workshop once and this 19 guy showed up early. The workshop was on 20 unconscious bias. He showed up early and he said 21 Dr. Jones, I just came a little early because I 22 wanted you to know that I don't have any 23 unconscious biases. I was like dude, how would 24 you know? They're unconscious. Right? If you 25 have a brain you have bias. And so this is not a

1 12 one-sided conversation, it is a conversation that 2 includes all of us. 3 And I just want to give you a quick 4 5 example of this programming, this association and kind of how a supercomputer in our head works. 6 7 I'm going to ask everyone in this room to answer a question for me out loud in one voice, okay. 8 9 What color is this sheet of paper? 10 AUDIENCE: White. 11 DR. JONES: A little bit louder. What 12 color is this sheet of paper? AUDIENCE: White. 13 DR. JONES: Come on, New Paltz. A 14 15 little bit louder. I need to hear you over here. 16 What color is this sheet of paper? AUDIENCE: White. 17 DR. JONES: What do cows drink? 18 19 AUDIENCE: Milk. 20 (Chuckle.) 21 DR. JONES: It's all right. There's 22 somebody in here who's going I don't get it, 23 what's the problem. And some of you said milk very, very confidently. Milk. I'm a senior, 24 milk. Milk. I've been a professor for 25

1 13 2 twenty-five years here, milk. Right? Cows 3 drink --AUDIENCE: Water. 4 5 DR. JONES: You were like M -- M -- M -- water. So why did you say milk? 6 AUDIENCE: That's what we associate 7 cows with. 8 9 DR. JONES: That's what we associate. 10 That's what they make. We associate cows with 11 milk. You have a thought drink, you see a symbol 12 cow, your next thought is milk. It does your 13 body good. Pass it on. Right? 14 What we want to do is practice a 15 collective skill called dialoging around inclusion. That being intentional about 16 inclusion and building a culture of inclusion is 17 18 not just an interpersonal you and I conversation. 19 Right? It's not just a conversation with one 20 group with another group. This is a collective 21 conversation that challenges us -- I'm sorry, a 22 collective skill that challenges us to have a comfortable conversation about uncomfortable 23 24 topics. I'm going to say that again. This is a 25 collective skill that challenges us to get

2 skilled up enough to have a comfortable conversation about uncomfortable topics. 3 That challenges all of us to prepare to lean in to 4 5 have that conversation. Here's my challenge for you. I'm going 6 7 to ask all of you really quickly to fold your arms for me, real quickly. Fold your arms. You 8 9 were already there, chief. That's okay. That's 10 okay. All right. Now I'm going to ask you to 11 look at your arms and switch the arms so that the 12 arm on the top is now on the bottom. That's 13 okay. Some of ya'll still working it out. 14 That's all right. That's all right. We're going 15 to call the way you had your arms folded the 16 first time, we're going to call that position A. 17 Give me some words to describe what it felt like 18 to have your arms folded that way. AUDIENCE: Comfortable. 19 20 DR. JONES: It felt comfortable, 21 familiar. What that was? 22 AUDIENCE: Habitual.

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23 DR. JONES: Habitual. Natural. Did 24 you have to do a lot of thinking to get into 25 position A? No. How does it feel to have your

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2	I see some of you already let your arms go in
3	position B. Give me some words to describe what
4	it feels like to have your arms folded in
5	position B.
6	AUDIENCE: Awkward.
7	DR. JONES: Awkward, different, forced,
8	weird. What else?
9	AUDIENCE: Effortful.
10	DR. JONES: Effortful. What's that?
11	AUDIENCE: Intentional.
12	DR. JONES: Intentional, unnatural.
13	AUDIENCE: Forced.
14	DR. JONES: What's that? Forced. You
15	made me do it.
16	Sometimes to create that culture of
17	inclusion we are challenged to try on position B
18	type behaviors, to have position B type
19	conversations, yet our brain craves position A.
20	Position B may feel uncomfortable. Ya'll, we're
21	going to have a position B conversation today.
22	We're not just checking the box. Are you all
23	okay with that? Are you okay with that? Right.
24	So when we talk about leaning in, when
25	we talk about preparing to hear and explore

multiple perspectives, right, that challenges us. So if you feel uncomfortable, know that that's natural in position B. If you feel challenged like somebody's kind of forcing you to think or hear something that's outside of your experience, that may feel like position B. Lean into it. Right.

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9 Here's kind of our format for today. 10 So we're going to -- in a second I'm going to 11 talk with you about some guidelines for our time 12 together. I'll -- and then we'll enter community 13 dialogue. The way we'll engage in that dialogue 14 is we'll invite the group here to make some 15 opening comments. I have two individuals that I'll ask to start off and build on President 16 17 Christian's comments, and then we're going to open into a dialogue that really kind of focuses 18 in on exploring experiences of inclusion and 19 20 exclusion. Right? Exploring where do we get it 21 right on campus. Right? And then exploring 22 where do we intend to get it right and we miss. 23 Right? Or just exploring where did we just get it wrong. Right? So we'll open it up and engage 24 25 in a dialogue with this group here and we'll

2 invite you all to listen in on this conversation, 3 and then at one point in time we'll pause and then we'll invite you to come to the mike that's 4 5 in the center. If you have questions or comments, we'll invite you to join in on the 6 7 dialogue. And that will be pretty much the format that we'll use for our time together 8 9 today. Okay.

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10 Yes. Tell me what you see. How many 11 people see the profile of a person's face? How 12 many people see the word liar? Check with the 13 person next to you to make sure they see both. 14 See both? Okay. Let me just say real quickly 15 there is a psychological profile if you saw the 16 word liar first. Please stay after the Town Hall, we need to talk. Okay. What we don't want 17 18 to do -- it's all about perspective, right? What we don't want to do today is what happens in a 19 20 lot of communities and organizations. How many 21 of you have been in meetings, or in classes, or 22 in places where people rely on the meeting after 23 the meeting? How many people have been in those 24 places? You know, where you don't say anything 25 in the meeting and you just nod your head like

you're, and inside you're thinking I can't 2 believe she just said that. Right? And some of 3 you have mastered the timely head tilt. And then 4 5 after the meeting is over you find those two or three people that you trust, right, and then you 6 7 tell them what you really thought, right, and what you would have said if it was safe in the 8 9 first meeting, right. What I want to ask us to 10 do today is to not rely on the meeting after the 11 meeting. What I want to ask us to do today is to 12 lean in and share some of those stories and 13 experiences that you would share in that circle. 14 Right? I know I'm asking a lot, ya'll. But this is real work. This is real work. And we know in 15 16 society as well as on campus this real work, this conversation could end up being about life or 17 death. It is that serious. Much less do I 18 graduate or not. Much less do I feel included or 19 not. Does this make sense? 20

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21 Okay. Can you find ten faces and then 22 we're going to move into the dialogue. Can you 23 find ten faces? Ten faces. The horses' faces 24 don't count. How many of you found at least 25 three faces so far? Three? How many of you

found at least six faces? Has anyone found nine 2 3 faces? Anyone found ten faces? Anyone found more than ten faces, please stay after the 4 5 session. All right. Work with two or three people next to you. Work together to see all ten 6 faces. Go for it. Work with two or three people 7 to see all ten faces. 8 9 (Short pause.) 10 DR. JONES: All right. Let's see how 11 your teams have done. Here we go. We'll start 12 off over here. Does everyone see this one? 13 AUDIENCE: Yes. 14 DR. JONES: Here's the eye, nose, 15 mouth. 16 AUDIENCE: Yeah. 17 DR. JONES: Right? Does everyone see this one? 18 19 AUDIENCE: Yeah. 20 DR. JONES: Number two, here's the 21 nose, the mouth, the eyes. Number three is a little harder to see. 22 23 It's right here. Here's the eyebrow, the eyes, 24 the nose looking down, high cheekbones. 25 Number four is a little larger. Number

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2	four is right here. Here's the eye, the nose,
3	upper lip, lower lip, chin. Everyone see this
4	one?
5	AUDIENCE: Yeah.
6	DR. JONES: Number five is right here.
7	Everybody see that one? Eye, nose, mouth.
8	Number six is up here.
9	Number seven is right here. Here's the
10	nose, mouth, eye.
11	Number eight is tucked back here.
12	Everybody see that?
13	Number nine is right here, nose, mouth,
14	eyes.
15	Number ten is right here. Everybody
16	see number ten? Two eyes, nose, mouth.
17	Number eleven is over here.
18	Number twelve is a big one. Here's the
19	eye, the nose, the mouth, chin. What number was
20	that?
21	AUDIENCE: Twelve.
22	DR. JONES: Twelve.
23	Number thirteen is right here. Here's
24	the eye, the nose, mouth.
25	Fourteen is right here, eye, nose,

3	And there's a little one right in here.
4	He said really. Two people from the
5	audience, why and how do these two slides connect
6	to the importance of our dialogue today? Two,
7	three people. Two people from this side. How do
8	these two slides connect to our dialogue on
9	inclusion today?
10	SPEAKER: Perception.
11	DR. JONES: Yes. It's about
12	perception. Prepare yourself to hear other
13	people's perceptions. Prepare yourself to not
14	have your experience be a criteria for whether
15	someone else's perceptions are valid or not. Did
16	ya'll just hear that?
17	AUDIENCE: Say it again.
18	DR. JONES: Sure. Thank you. Prepare
19	yourself to not use your experiences as a
20	criteria for whether someone else's perspectives
21	are valid is valid or not. Right?
22	Someone else on this side. Yes.
23	SPEAKER: Working together to see the
24	bigger picture and the details within the
25	picture.

1 22 DR. JONES: Working together to see the 2 3 bigger picture and the details within the picture. Right. Yes. Yes. Yes. 4 5 SPEAKER: You gave us a little -- you 6 said if you see more than ten, stay. 7 DR. JONES: Okay. Yes. SPEAKER: And we looked only for ten --8 DR. JONES: Yes. 9 10 SPEAKER: -- even though there can be 11 more than ten. 12 DR. JONES: Very good. SPEAKER: There was fourteen. 13 DR. JONES: He said you limited us. 14 15 (Chuckle.) 16 DR. JONES: Absolutely. SPEAKER: Look, in our lives there are 17 people putting us to limits. Write a 500-word 18 19 essay, not 600. 20 DR. JONES: Yes. 21 SPEAKER: And we limit -- we tend to limit ourselves with that. 22 DR. JONES: Yes. 23 SPEAKER: And we limit our brains with 24 25 that.

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2	DR. JONES: Yes.
3	SPEAKER: Do you know what I'm saying?
4	DR. JONES: Absolutely. You're
5	absolutely spot on. That there are places and
6	spaces where someone sets the expectation, and
7	that expectation may put a boundary or a limit on
8	what is possible. Right? If I would have said
9	to you find as many faces as you can, right, then
10	you would have found as much as you could.
11	Right? So there are times where others will
12	place a limit on you, right? And some people
13	will meet that limit and stop.
14	SPEAKER: And you just do the required
15	work.
16	DR. JONES: And you just what do I
17	need to do to get an A? Give me the expectation,
18	I meet it, I get my grade, I move on. Right? To
19	your point, what's the knowledge, right, versus
20	what's the knowledge that I gained. Good.
21	One more person from this side. How do
22	these two slides connect to the importance of a
23	conversation on inclusion?
24	SPEAKER: Active participation.
25	DR. JONES: Active participation. Yes.

1 24 2 Yes. That is about leaning in and being willing to share what you see, what you experience. 3 4 Right? 5 And so what we're going to move into now is that active participation where we're 6 7 going to ask members of our community to share some of their experiences and perspectives. So I 8 9 want to open up with inviting two individuals to 10 speak. One person I've given the heads up, the 11 second person I have not given the heads up. 12 Hi there. 13 SPEAKER: Oh, me? DR. JONES: Yes. 14 15 (Chuckle.) DR. JONES: We'll start off with 16 (redacted name). We'll give you a little time to 17 18 collect your opening statement. Very good. So this is (redacted name). And 19 20 (redacted name), you're going to start off and 21 share with us from a student's perspective some 22 opening comments. Very good. 23 SPEAKER: I think most --DR. JONES: Is it on? Sorry. 24 25 SPEAKER: It's probably on, I'm just

not holding it right.

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3 DR. JONES: There we go. Stand up. SPEAKER: Okay. So I think from a 4 5 student's perspective kind of what we expect to get from here, and I'm going to try to speak on 6 7 behalf of all the students here, is we want this to kind of be a dialogue and a space for us to 8 9 tell our narratives, and tell our experiences on 10 this campus, and to kind of say what we bring to 11 this campus and some things that a lot of times 12 the faculty, administrative bodies and the staff 13 don't necessarily know passing by us every day or 14 kind of debunk some of the assumptions that come 15 into our spaces and kind of get this as a space 16 for us to say this is what we want as a campus 17 and this is what we need to feel more comfortable 18 here. And to kind of figure out also where the faculty and the staff stand on these issues. 19 20 Sometimes it feels like an us against them 21 conversation. And this is the space and the time 22 for us to get to see how the faculty and administration feel and where we have 23 24 commonalities and where we may not and figure out 25 how we can get to a commonplace to grow from

1 26 here. I kind of see this conversation as a 2 3 stepping stone in the right direction. Yeah. DR. JONES: Excellent. 4 5 SPEAKER: Do the students agree? DR. JONES: Thank you. Round of 6 7 applause. 8 (Applause.) 9 DR. JONES: Opening statement about the 10 importance of inclusion on campus and what you'd 11 like to see as an outcome from our time together 12 in this Town Hall meeting. Okay. SPEAKER: Well obviously inclusion is 13 14 highly important and the success of our students 15 on our campus. I am grateful to be part of an 16 organization that fosters that type of behavior, 17 especially from the administration side. I'm the director of the EOP program and I'm very grateful 18 19 for the opportunity that the administration 20 provides to our students because we work as a 21 team and -- for the most part to ensure the 22 success of our students. And I'm very grateful, 23 and my staff is also grateful of that -- those 24 opportunities rendered to our students. 25 DR. JONES: Very good. Excellent.

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2	SPEAKER: Collaboration is the key.
3	DR. JONES: Thank you very much. Round
4	of applause.
5	(Applause.)
6	DR. JONES: So here's some quick ground
7	rules that I'll ask us to follow as we hold this
8	dialogue with each other. I'm going to ask all
9	of us to practice listening to understand versus
10	listening to respond. Right? How many of you
11	halfway through someone's first sentence you know
12	why they're wrong and you're just waiting for
13	them to pause so that you can give them your
14	ideas? That's not what we're going to do, okay.
15	We're going to practice learning from diversity
16	of thought, experiences and perspectives. I'm
17	going to ask you to use "I" statements, so really
18	speak from your perspective, your viewpoint,
19	right. We're not asking anyone to represent an
20	entire group but really to speak from your
21	viewpoints and your perspectives, and others will
22	do the same. I'm going to ask you to be brave
23	and really clear that we have lots of levels
24	within the organization, within New Paltz here,
25	right. So we're really going to ask everyone to

2 lean in to the discomfort of conflict, right. So lean in and let's have a candid conversation. 3 We 4 talk about put your stake in the ground is really about putting your opinion out there, right. 5 Putting your beliefs, your viewpoints, your 6 7 experience, your opinion out there and being willing to move it, right. Some people put their 8 9 stake or their opinion, they dig a hole six feet 10 deep, pour concrete and they're not moving their 11 opinion at all, right. And so we want to invite 12 you to stay open and be willing to be influenced 13 by the ideas and the experiences that other 14 people have.

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15 And then lastly I want to say that when 16 we talk about a dialogue, a dialogue does not require agreement, a dialogue does not require 17 18 consensus, right. A dialogue requires us to really create the space to explore and learn from 19 20 both similarities and differences, right. So 21 that's really what we want to practice in our 22 time together today.

23 So let's dive in. So I'm going to ask 24 our esteemed panelist to let's talk about where 25 do we get it right here at SUNY around diversity

2 and inclusion, and then what are some of your 3 experiences or experiences you've seen others have around where we get it wrong, where we miss, 4 5 where are our opportunities for growth. So we want to hear some of your experiences, some of 6 7 your perspectives on where do we get it right, where's our area of growth and opportunity. 8 9 Who wants to start us off? 10 SPEAKER: So this is really a good 11 question because I like a mixture of positive 12 things and some things that we could -- some areas for opportunities for growth. 13 DR. JONES: Yeah. 14 15 SPEAKER: So I think that we have a 16 very good example of this in the fact that there were some things that happened on the New Paltz 17 18 campus about a year or so ago. There were some things that were posted on the campus and so 19 20 forth that I think had a negative impact on 21 particularly students of color on the campus. 22 And I felt that the administration did an 23 excellent job in it's quick and thoughtful 24 responsiveness to those incidents that occurred 25 on campus. So I want to give the administration

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a big plus for that.

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3 I think, too, that this Town Hall and many of the conversations that we've had on 4 5 campus, these are positive steps. I want to give applause for you too, Dr. Jones. The fact that 6 you are here tells us that the institution is 7 responsive to the issues of inclusion and 8 9 diversity on our campus. 10 So there are a number of things I think 11 when I look around. For example, on my floor I 12 see gender neutral bathrooms as I go across the 13 campus. So structurally there are some changes 14 that have occurred on the campus. When we look 15 at individuals with physical disabilities, 16 significant attention has been placed on that. 17 When we -- in terms of constructing new buildings, we see that attention is being paid to 18 19 those kinds of issues.

I think that when we look at opportunities, I still think that there are many people on this campus who will feel excluded and they feel different. They don't feel as though they are included in a particular circle on the campus. I was a little bit taken aback by some

1 2 of this because as a faculty member of color I would say that this is a pretty inclusive place. 3 But that's speaking for myself. You said we 4 should use the "I" word. 5 But I attended a conversation on campus 6 7 that occurred last semester, and at that meeting there were some students of color, and they said 8 9 that they feel as though they're not welcomed on 10 this campus and they feel isolated. So to the 11 extent that we still have members of our campus 12 community who don't feel a sense of belonging on 13 the campus, we still have areas for growth in 14 that area, so -- and many other areas. I yield the mike to someone else. 15 16 DR. JONES: Thank you very much. Thank 17 you very much. I want to hear from a student and then 18 19 we'll come back to you. Hi there. 20 21 SPEAKER: Hello. My name is (redacted 22 name) and I'm the student association president. 23 And I think where we get it right is like our 24 faculty, I see a lot of diversity in faculty. I 25 know that the administration and, you know, the

people in charge of those things are trying to 2 3 work as hard as they can in order to make it as inclusive as possible for new faculty to come 4 5 into these departments that have been historically underrepresented in terms of 6 7 diversity. Do you have anything to say, (name 8 9 redacted)? 10 SPEAKER: Just that there's a lot of 11 faculty that helps. 12 SPEAKER: There's a lot of faculty that 13 helps, that they do help a lot, and some that I 14 am proud to know and have worked with in the 15 past. So there's definitely a lot of area for 16 improvement, but, you know, there's definitely a 17 lot of faculty that support the students out 18 there. 19 DR. JONES: Thank you. 20 SPEAKER: Hello everybody. My name is 21 (redacted name). So just to kind of piggyback 22 off of (redacted name), I think that where the 23 school gets it right is we have a lot of programs here at SUNY New Paltz, such as the EOP program, 24 25 SMP, we have (inaudible) department as well as

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2 faculty who always assist us any way that we need. I feel that having dialogues like this are 3 really important. 4 5 But the ways maybe SUNY New Paltz can improve is what we do after this conversation. 6 7 Like how do we put what we're talking about into action, and also following through with that? So 8 9 we can have multiple conversations and we could 10 talk about it, but I think something we need to 11 implement afterwards is concrete work. 12 DR. JONES: Very good. Excellent. 13 Excellent. Thank you. 14 SPEAKER: So I just took a couple of 15 notes. What we get right, and I think the 16 students are a testament of that, is that 17 students own their experience here at New Paltz. 18 I had the pleasure of being a student some twenty years ago, and that -- it was indicative at that 19 time where I was fortunate to serve as a student 20 21 leader, and we felt like we owned the experience 22 on our campus and we were able to sort of -- and 23 this is across all areas of student engagement. 24 We were able to move the agenda in terms of what 25 students felt like they were in control of from

2 major things like establishing an FM radio 3 station to smaller things like individual 4 cultural based programs. And I want to reflect 5 on that for a point because it speaks to the 6 diversity issue and inclusion.

When I was here in -- and black 7 solidarity, as it is now, is a big event for 8 9 students of color, for the cultural identity of 10 the community, for the cultural expression of the 11 community. When I was here it was really just Blacks and Latino students who were participating 12 13 in that experience. Over my twenty short years 14 they keep having me come back to experience it 15 and participate in it and engage in it. What 16 I've noticed and I've been able to really appreciate is the broadening of that audience. 17 So that way in the celebration of Black 18 contribution to society, in the celebration of 19 Black students and African American culture in 20 21 this community and in society broader, this 22 community has expanded the definition and the 23 audience that participates in that celebration. 24 That is a win I think completely.

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I'd like to say that where we need to

2 do more is really around -- going back to my 3 time, you know, the number of Black students that walked this campus, that were enrolled on this 4 5 campus, that matriculated on this campus were twice as much as my understanding of recent 6 7 statistics, and that is of great concern for many, many, many reasons. So I think we can do a 8 9 better job in terms of creating opportunities for 10 Black students. And I say Black students 11 particularly because that's the group that shrunk 12 over time, and it's -- you can't have the 13 increase of one at the expense of another because I think we do ourselves a disservice in that 14 15 regard.

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16 I'll also say that this campus is very responsive to the needs of the students and when 17 there's a crisis they stand up, they gather, they 18 lock on and they figure out what can we do to 19 make it better. I have to echo the students 20 21 saying we need to do this on a more ongoing basis 22 so that way it's not responsive but it's 23 proactive.

24DR. JONES: Yeah, yeah. Very good.25Very good.

1 36 2 I hear some invisible snaps and claps 3 going on. I want you to know that we acknowledge your support and feel free to withhold the snaps 4 5 and claps. Let's just keep it going in that direction. 6 7 Yes. SPEAKER: Hi. I'm the interim director 8 9 of SMP. Where we get it right I think is 10 allowing all of these programs to exist. I've 11 worked at this particular college at three 12 particular levels and all the dots are on the 13 board. But what does that look like moving 14 forward when we talk about all of these groups 15 coming together? Could that be or could we envision a cultural center of some sort where all 16 17 of the groups can come and organically discuss 18 these concerns on a regular basis in a place that 19 we can call or the College can call it's own, to 20 have that forum as opposed to not just having a 21 discussion once a year? I think it would be 22 important to kind of connect those dots, bring 23 all those dots together in some sort of fashion. I don't know if it would take creating a building 24 25 or finding some viable space that students and

faculty can kind of utilize to continue this ongoing discussion.

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DR. JONES: Very good. Excellent. 4 5 SPEAKER: I'm a senior member of the field hockey team, so I'm going to kind of speak 6 7 on behalf of athletics. I just think from my freshman year until now we've seen a really big 8 9 increase in awareness with diversity. We've gone 10 as far as last year we really integrated it into 11 our programs. We have the diversity statement 12 that's now displayed all over campus, and we're 13 trying to get it implemented into even like our 14 game time routine so it's put forth before games, 15 the other teams that are coming here know that 16 we're the kind of campus that welcomes this kind 17 of atmosphere. So I think we really may need to 18 do a lot more. But just the fact that since my freshman year until now we've integrated that 19 20 into our program is really big, and I think 21 that's something we're doing right at this 22 moment.

23 DR. JONES: Excellent.

24 SPEAKER: I think in regards to 25 residents' life, we included a position and it's

2 cultural advocate. It's really important for the 3 residents of our campus to understand and be able 4 to not only go to programs but help facilitate 5 the residents as well.

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6 And in regards to clubs and 7 organizations, we have what is known as Rainbow 8 Month, and that whole month is filled with 9 different clubs and orgs that represent different 10 cultural background, and they're very inclusive 11 and they allow everybody to join regardless of 12 their orientation.

13 SPEAKER: Hello. My name is (redacted 14 name). I can definitely attest to the 15 University's commitment to respond to crises that 16 occur on campus. I think they do an excellent job 17 in creating like programs. And talks like this 18 help, you know, create that dialogue for students 19 who need it.

But I feel that we need to come up with initiatives that help encourage students who don't necessarily understand the complexity of diversity into those conversations. You can't have those conversations with students who, or faculty members who only get that diversity. You need to bring students and other individuals who don't necessarily see it. It's probably black and white for them.

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And I also think from SUNY's system perspective, how does your University respond to incidents that occur on different campuses and how do we, you know, create that dialogue when other incidents occur on different campuses to make us feel more inclusive as to the faculty?

11 DR. JONES: Thank you. For example, 12 the incident that happened on SUNY Albany campus 13 recently with the three African American women 14 who were assaulted on the bus and the campus's 15 response on Albany's campus. But then the 16 question becomes how do we connect to that is 17 what I hear you saying, because that's safety. 18 Even though it happened there, it brings up issues of safety here. Yeah. 19

20Okay. We're going to come over here.21SPEAKER: One thing I think we do in a22really strong way on our campus is for the 1,10023first-year students who enter every year, we go24through a hard process of selecting the best25orientation leaders, EOP liaisons and SMP

2 liaisons because they're role models of inclusion. They're role models of success. 3 And as an administrator who for years was able to do 4 a lot of workshops with folks, I got to know 5 students who on the outside might seem very 6 7 different than I was, and they all brought their different thoughts, feelings, experiences to the 8 9 situation, but they become a family which is 10 colorblind, and they're lifetime friends. These 11 are people who were orientation leaders twenty 12 years ago. They're Godparents to each other's 13 children now. And so I think they're role models of inclusion. And we set a tone from the time a 14 15 first-year student and their family sets 16 themselves on campus for two days to say this is 17 who we are and we don't just tolerate diversity, we celebrate diversity and inclusion. 18

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An area that I think is newer and we have an increasing number of students in that we can always improve working in are the nonvisible differences. I supervise the director of the disability resource center and I think we're seeing students who are coming in who excel academically but may be different than we are,

2 and people don't know how to be around people who 3 are different than they are, and they might have a disability that is not visible. And I think 4 5 every campus could work on this new growing population in terms of issues that people are 6 7 coming into college, maybe with racist experiences as well as bullying experiences 8 9 because of the way they were treated before they 10 joined our community. 11 DR. JONES: Yes. Thank you. 12 SPEAKER: I think something that we get 13 right is that being a Black woman on this campus, 14 me, I felt excluded from a lot of the 15 communities. I didn't feel represented through a 16 lot of the classes or the orientation or any of 17 those experiences that others speak on they felt 18 included on. I felt very excluded from those 19 experiences. But through that exclusion I was 20 forced to find a different community and form a 21 different community with those other Black women 22 and Black men on this campus that felt excluded 23 as well. And through that I think that something 24 we got right is that the Black community on this 25 campus and for students of color overall, we've

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2 been kind of the shoulder to cry on and the 3 support system for ourselves that we couldn't find in the administration and the faculty many 4 5 times. So I'm grateful to be able to say that I'm part of a community that I can go to maybe my 6 7 neighbor or if someone my own age that's unfortunately going through the same instances of 8 exclusion as I am and we'll be able to be allies 9 10 and support for each other within our student 11 groups. 12 DR. JONES: (Redacted name), did you 13 have a sense that the orientation leaders, and

have a sense that the orientation leaders, and you mentioned your experience in your student orientation, did you have a sense that others were aware that you weren't feeling included?

17SPEAKER: So the way orientation works18is kind of like there's EOP orientation and19general administration orientation.

20 DR. JONES: Okay.

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21 SPEAKER: It felt like for me I bonded 22 very much with my EOP orientation, and a lot of 23 them are still my friends, but I wouldn't be able 24 to name anyone else in my orientation group 25 besides those in my EOP group. During

2 orientation we became the EOP family, but it 3 always felt like we were a -- the connotation always felt like a lot of general administration 4 5 made the comment of EOP are the dumb kids that got here because they're of color or poor and 6 they're here by luck. And whenever we would be 7 during the group it felt like oh, here they come 8 9 back, we're going to get taken out later. And 10 whenever EOP came to take us out, it was like 11 finally my family came to come get me from like 12 what I'm going through. DR. JONES: Yeah, yeah. Okay. 13 Thank 14 you. Thank you for that. 15 I'm telling the group here I've become 16 a silent auctioneer. You move, I go sold, you're 17 next. Okay. 18 SPEAKER: I'm (redacted name) and I'm 19 part of the theater department on campus. One 20 thing I think that we've been getting right is 21 the department has been in the process of hiring 22 new professors to include more diversity in our 23 department, and we just brought in a new professor who I had a class with last semester 24 25 and that just changed my whole experience, having

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2 someone that understood where I was coming from, 3 what I was experiencing. And I was the only 4 person of color in that class. So to have a 5 professor that was a person -- a woman of color, 6 that was just -- I couldn't have asked for 7 anything more. So that was something that we 8 definitely got right.

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9 But something that I think definitely needs to be worked on is our curriculum. 10 When 11 I'm constantly being taught things that I just 12 feel like I can not relate to in any way. It is 13 hard and it's challenging to want to keep going 14 and to want to keep pursuing what I love when I 15 feel like I'm not seeing myself any way. It's 16 not just for like that department, but in general 17 when I see other classes and I'm like why -- like why not. Why can't we have all these different 18 things? See ya. 19

20DR. JONES: Thank you. Thank you.21You knew I was coming to you, right?22Very good.

23 SPEAKER: Hi. My name is (redacted 24 name), I'm the community mentor at the 25 Communities at New Paltz. I just wanted to share

how grateful I am every day to be in SUNY New 2 3 Paltz because of how diverse everyone is and just in general how the school is. I feel like every 4 5 individual in this school is so diverse from 6 their background. For example, I was born and 7 raised in Nepal. I moved to the United States when I was eight and I grew up with a single 8 9 mother. I'm an only child. So I can use all 10 these experiences and share with other people, 11 and others who grew up in different backgrounds 12 can share how they grew up to me, and I feel like 13 we can always learn from each other. And it goes 14 this way for like every single individual so far 15 that I've met. I can always learn from them and 16 I can always teach them. 17 DR. JONES: Yeah. 18 SPEAKER: And another thing. I feel

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101119that SUNY New Paltz is like having -- like20organizing really good opportunities for the21students, whether it be like programs or just22like experiences that they open to students.23There's like leadership opportunities, jobs and24like a bunch of other things that professors and25like student leaders and -- anyone opens up.

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yeah.

3 DR. JONES: Very good. Excellent. SPEAKER: Hi. My name is (redacted 4 5 name), I'm an RA in Esopus. Basically going off what (redacted name) said, I definitely feel --6 7 for example, when I decided to come to New Paltz, I decided to come here because the first time I 8 9 came I saw how nice everybody was and I saw all 10 these different people and I felt like this was a place where I could -- I felt included, where I 11 12 kind of felt like kind of at home. 13 As my first year, although I did think 14 New Paltz was very diverse, I saw that there was 15 a lot of struggle with the first-year students 16 trying to fit in, because there's a whole bunch 17 of programs. Once you do get installed and find 18 your place you will find out that people -- for example, you could join like Asian club or the 19 20 Hispanic/Latino clubs, whatever. You don't have 21 to be of that race or whatever that club is 22 designed kind of, entitled to. But you would 23 feel included. That's one thing I found out. 24 But as first-year students, and I have seen it 25 now because I was an SMP mentor and I saw that

1 47 with my proteges where they many times found it 2 3 hard getting just that courage to talk to faculty. You know, --4 5 DR. JONES: Yeah. SPEAKER: -- starting that connection, 6 7 that's very difficult. But I have seen a lot of progress while I've been here. That's definitely 8 9 something I think we can still improve on. 10 DR. JONES: Very good. Excellent. 11 Thank you. Thank you. 12 I'm coming to the three of you over here. Decide who's going to be talking and then 13 14 I'll come over to you. 15 SPEAKER: My name is (redacted name), 16 I'm a sophomore here, a political science major. 17 I'm a U.S. Marine reserve. I've been in three 18 years. One of the good things that I experienced coming to school was the veteran service member 19 20 community is very strong here, very tight knit. 21 (Redacted name) runs a great shop and, you know, 22 it really feels like they bend over backwards for 23 me and help me out, help me with my tuitions 24 assistance, that sort of thing. 25 One of the things I experience

2 personally is, you know, it kind of just stops 3 there and I don't have any other experiences with other groups and programs in the school. Once I 4 5 finish my classes I go home, you know. I don't include myself in anything in the school because 6 I relate more to other service members than I 7 would to other students. I have a hard time like 8 9 going to speak to professors about anything. Ιf 10 I need help, you know, I'd rather just, you know, 11 work laterally on that and talk to other students 12 than do that. That's something I need to work on 13 personally. 14 But the school could do a better job 15 kind of learning about the veteran community, 16 even though it is very small. That's pretty much 17 what I got. 18 DR. JONES: Excellent. Thank you. 19 SPEAKER: As a teacher I recognize that 20 I get it right when the students experience the 21 classroom is safe, is respectful, is inviting, 22 inclusive. I know that when a lot of people 23 speak up and they feel free to disagree, and I hear a lot of voices, not just a few. I get it 24

wrong when I rely too much on my own perspective

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1 2 and my own experience. As a White straight 3 middle class male I've never been excluded. Ι need to recognize that. 4 5 So I've had to listen, I've had to really observe, I've had to hear people so I can 6 get a sense of what that feels like and I can 7 help avoid that for my students. 8 9 DR. JONES: Yeah. Thank you. Thank 10 you. 11 SPEAKER: (Name redacted). I too had 12 the pleasure of being a student here, and now I 13 work here. And one thing that I know New Paltz 14 does well is that we do a great job of 15 identifying a problem when it comes about. 16 Where I think we need to improve is 17 making the solution to that problem part of our 18 every day lives and not just the lives of those who are being affected but the campus community 19 20 as a whole, from administration to faculty, staff 21 to students. If it's affecting any group in our 22 community it should be affecting us all. 23 And when it comes to inclusion, if it's 24 not an entire campus-wide change, odds are it's not going to improve. So I think that that's 25

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where we need to improve as a campus.

3 DR. JONES: Excellent. Excellent. One of the comments that you've made 4 5 thus far is that the New Paltz community is great at crisis management and crisis response, and I 6 7 heard you say the ongoing sustainable systems, conversations and structures becomes more of a 8 9 challenge. So I'm going to ask us to shift and 10 within the next eight minutes I want to hear 11 examples of where do you see people getting it 12 unintentionally wrong. So in the areas of 13 micro-aggression and where do you see people not 14 being aware of their privilege and action. What 15 are some of your experiences of -- (redacted 16 name), you talked about intent versus impact, 17 right, where you see people having good 18 intentions yet the impact is hurtful. The impact causes you to feel excluded or others to feel 19 20 excluded, because we have to step into that space 21 to get into that learner's edge, right. That's 22 part of that meeting after the meeting. So where 23 do you see -- I'm going to ask all of us to 24 answer this question -- well intentioned people 25 causing pain unintentionally?

1 SPEAKER: So yeah. Well intention --2 3 good intentions but not coming out the right way. DR. JONES: Mm'hm'. 4 5 SPEAKER: So I've had this experience multiple times where sometimes I'll straighten my 6 hair and sometimes I won't. And when that 7 happens it's just like the biggest news in the 8 9 world. And it's good and fine, but when people 10 want to come up to you, and that's the only thing 11 that they want to talk about, when it's like 12 what's up with your hair, what did you do, how 13 did you do that, and it's just an endless like 14 stream of questions that I don't really feel like 15 answering. And I understand like it's 16 interesting I guess. For me it's just my normal 17 life. But it's things like that, when people just comment on your appearance or things that 18 are just a natural part of you that I don't feel 19 20 like I should have to explain to anyone. 21 DR. JONES: Very good. Thank you. 22 SPEAKER: I think -- I was saying this 23 earlier. I love being -- going to be a teacher is something I didn't know I wanted to do before 24 25 New Paltz. I'm very thankful that New Paltz

guided me on to that and taught me what my passion was. I've come across some great professors.

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5 But I think a lot of it is like 6 something that a lot of what New Paltz is talking about, kind of like the socioeconomic. Like some 7 students come in with more money than other 8 9 students, and a lot of times the departments kind 10 of have an assumption of you have the funds to do 11 certain things. Like they'll just send us an 12 e-mail like you have to do your workshop, you 13 have to get this done by tomorrow, and I'm just 14 like I can't get \$50 by tomorrow. That's just 15 something that I don't have in my funds to do. 16 And then instead of -- when you go and you tell 17 them like oh I can't, they kind of -- you get 18 penalized instead. Well now you have to pay a 19 late fee or something like that. It's like 20 you're penalizing me for me not being able to 21 afford it and there's really not much I can do 22 about that. That was my experience as education. 23 You spend so much money on certifications and 24 tests and things like that. I realize that like 25 me being able to graduate on time is being

1 53 jeopardized because of my family's socioeconomic 2 kind of crisis, and it's something I really don't 3 have control over. And I work two jobs and I 4 5 still can't afford it. DR. JONES: Mm'hm'. Very good. Thank 6 7 you. Did you want --8 9 SPEAKER: Hi again. So I'm a 10 psychology major. I'm a junior. There are very 11 few students of color in my psychology major. 12 It's just the way it is. And I often feel like 13 the token person of color in my class. I feel 14 like I'm speaking for everyone. I know you're a 15 theater major. The theater department can use 16 some revamping in that aspect, which I know the 17 administration is working very hard on with the hiring of that professor. Pretty cool. Awesome. 18 So a psychology major in a 19 20 predominately White setting. I'm in class, you 21 know, four times a week let's say. I've kind of 22 been tasked with the job of speaking for 23 everyone. I can't do that. I can't speak for 24 the whole Black community. We were learning about African American -- the African American 25

2 experience in the United States and kind of 3 coming from all that psychological trauma and trying to live in a society that doesn't want you 4 5 there, and I forgot what question was asked and 6 the professor just looked straight at me like so 7 you're going to -- are you going to raise your hand, you know, comment on this. And I didn't. 8 9 And, you know, as a Dominican American, as an 10 Afro Latino woman, as an immigrant coming to this 11 country, there are certain narratives that I 12 can't speak for. I can't speak for everyone, I 13 can only speak for myself, which is why I really 14 appreciated that you put use "I" statements 15 because that's where a lot of our problems come 16 from.

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17 Like, you know, I went to the rally in 18 Albany for the three women that were assaulted on the bus by -- you know. So I went there, I went 19 20 to Albany, and there were -- at the end they were 21 telling people, you know, they had an agenda, 22 they had speakers and they told people to come 23 and speak. There was this girl, she was a woman, 24 she was White, and they told her like this is not 25 your time. Know when to speak. Sometimes it's

2 not my time to speak. I'm not going to speak for 3 everybody. That's a like general message for everyone in this room. If you're a White person 4 5 in a Black space, do not claim that space as your own because you don't belong there. It's not 6 7 your space. I'm sorry if I'm making anybody uncomfortable. You've got to learn how to be 8 9 uncomfortable. So, yeah. 10 The same thing for men in women's 11 spaces. If you're a male, you know, there's not 12 space for men in the discussion about abortion. 13 It's not your body. There's no place for a lot 14 of things but people put themselves there and 15 you're not supposed to, so --16 DR. JONES: Yeah. 17 SPEAKER: -- that was my two cents. 18 DR. JONES: I think your point is so important around the dynamics of power, right, 19 20 and the idea of sometimes being an ally and being 21 support looks like silence and looks like 22 creating the space for other people to engage and 23 not have to translate, or code switch, or take care of because often times the nondominant group 24 25 is given the challenge of taking care of the

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dominant group and the feelings and emotions of the dominant group. And so part of that idea of as you enter being willing to listen and sit with the discomfort because often times in other spaces I'm uncomfortable and that goes unknown, unnoticed and unaddressed. Right? So I really, really appreciate you bringing that up very much.

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9 SPEAKER: Thank you. My name is 10 (redacted name) and I'm an associate professor in 11 the theater program. I'm not an actor so I'm 12 actually uncomfortable with microphones. And 13 these are hard topics and so I'm actually going 14 to respond and I'm using "I".

15 I think a challenge that we have is 16 that there are a lot of people who are quietly trying to do the right thing and there are 17 18 programs that are doing things, meetings that have to be confidential a lot of times. 19 20 Sometimes things are happening that take a lot 21 longer than I know students have the patience 22 for, and I really understand, as an advisor, who 23 deliberately spends a lot of time with my students, not just on what your schedule is going 24 25 to be but what is your life like here, how can

your life be better here as a student. So I understand the sense of urgency, this is my only four years I have here as a college student. I get that perspective and I respect it and I love it.

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But on the other hand, sometimes when 7 you say things like the theater department needs 8 9 to, and people make big grand statements where 10 they maybe don't understand what's going on in 11 committee meetings with students from student to 12 student with a faculty member and that we're 13 working from the individual level, and we're 14 working with the administration, and we're working on curriculum, and we're working on 15 16 student life issues, and we're working on mental 17 health issues, and we're working on issues for the LGBT community, and we're working on issues 18 for the women in our community, and we're working 19 20 on issues for every demographic within our 21 community, right. And I think it's really easy 22 to say -- to make statements about this group 23 needs to do better or those people are the ones 24 that need to be here for this training, why aren't they here. And that overwhelms the quiet, 25

2 day-to-day, behind-the-doors, hard and sometimes time-consuming work that many people are putting 3 in on campus and not being recognized for. And 4 5 so, you know, my heart gets racing a little bit because I know there are a lot of people who 6 7 really are working hard on this issue. Anyway, I'll shut up now. 8 9 DR. JONES: No. Thank you. Thank you. 10 Multiple perspectives. 11 Now I'll come back to you. 12 SPEAKER: Thank you. So just to address that briefly, that's one of the reasons 13 14 why we're here, is because we want to open those 15 lines of communication. So there may be a lot of 16 things that administration is doing that we don't 17 know about. I feel like that would be a great 18 opportunity to open those lines of communication so that maybe we're not having these mis-19 20 communications and we know what's going on so we 21 can make more -- so we can make more accurate 22 statements that are less broad. 23 I forgot my point. 24 DR. JONES: Okay.

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25 SPEAKER: So something else I wanted to

2 address was I quess micro-aggressions on campus. 3 Those are things that people say sometimes as compliments but they end up being backhanded 4 5 compliments. You know, I've heard on campus well, you know, you're so articulate or you're 6 7 pretty for a Black girl but you're light skinned. Those are things that people may perceive as 8 9 compliments because maybe they've never been told 10 that that's not okay to say or that that's not a 11 compliment and that's not something you should be 12 saying. And, you know, there are ways of working 13 around that by having communication, by being 14 more open and not holding your tongue, and that 15 comes with feeling comfortable in your 16 environment. You should feel comfortable enough to tell somebody -- if they say something to you 17 that you don't like, you know, you maybe feel 18 uncomfortable and here's why. 19 20

20As well I wanted to know are we going21to open the floor for other students to speak22now --

23 DR. JONES: Yes.

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24 SPEAKER: -- since we're coming kind of 25 to a close?

1 60 2 DR. JONES: You're reading my mind. 3 Thank you very much. Yes. It's 3:46 and so I want to invite 4 5 the audience -- any audience member, if you would 6 like to come up to speak, we can create a line 7 here, or if you'd like to raise your hand I'll come over with the mike as well. 8 So let's hear from -- we'll start on 9 10 this side. Two individuals. And I open it up in 11 this way. Either if you want to share experiences 12 of where we get it right, where we miss. As well 13 I'll ask you to speak to what does progress look like from your lens. So what would you want to 14 15 see happening on campus that would tell you that 16 there is a true commitment to diversity and inclusion here at New Paltz. So you could enter 17 18 in any of those spaces and you don't have to 19 follow the statement that the last person just 20 made. Okay. 21 Yes, stand up for us. 22 SPEAKER: Okay. Hi, everyone. My name is (redacted name) and I just wanted to comment 23 on something that we do really, really well as a 24 25 campus. So I'm a first-year student. As a

2 first-year student I can definitely say that we 3 have many great first-year programs. We have emerging leaders, a first-year internship, we 4 5 have communities at Esopus Hall, and then we have 6 initiatives that we are required to attend as a 7 first semester here, we have a key issues class, 8 we have a peer monitoring. The list just goes on 9 and on. So I think that's a really good thing. 10 And my involvement on campus as a first-year 11 student has been unimaginable. I did not see 12 myself participating in so many events, being in 13 so many clubs. And now as, you know, a second 14 semester student all these student leadership 15 positions are opening up and I'm so eager to 16 apply to all of them, which I am, with the support of my mentors, my advisors and upper 17 18 classmen who have been pushing me since day one, since orientation I'll sav. 19

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20 And something that we need to improve 21 on that was touched upon here by one of the 22 students was at orientation when we are with our 23 group and then our, you know, EOP leaders come to 24 pull us out, it's just kind of awkward and 25 definitely makes me feel a little bit, you know,

not included in the group. With the EOP students 2 3 in my orientation group, we were always together for some reason. There was always, you know, the 4 5 vision. And I feel that having an OL that is 6 very strong and involving everyone in the group 7 and making sure that we're all, you know, together during that time because those are our 8 9 first few days on this campus and we want to feel 10 like we are included. So definitely having more 11 -- you know, stronger OLs and things like that. 12 That's something that I wanted to hopefully get 13 the privilege of working on this campus over the 14 summer so I can know to include everyone in the 15 group, not only, you know, regular admission students but also SMP student and EOP students 16 17 and things like that. Thank you. 18 DR. JONES: Excellent. 19 AUDIENCE: Whew!! 20 DR. JONES: Was that a request for the 21 mike? He said no, no, no. 22 SPEAKER: Hi. Good afternoon. 23 DR. JONES: Stand up for me. SPEAKER: Hi. Good afternoon, 24 25 everyone. My name is (redacted name). I'm an RA

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on campus, and something I've seen -- I've been involved in a lot of leadership positions. I have to say that there's a lot of diversity with students, a lot of students of color who are also participating in these leadership positions and I feel like for the community of color here on campus we are beginning to see that, because I'm seeing a lot of students are coming in as first years jumping at this opportunity. I was able to have the opportunity to work here over the summer and it was amazing, the diversity on campus.

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But I do feel that somewhere we can 13 progress on -- I'm an EOP student, a proud EOP 14 15 student. I am obsessed with the program. And 16 basically just -- I'd say bringing up the number 17 of how many EOP students are accepted on this campus. Right now since I've been here it's 18 always been 125 students who are accepted. Why 19 20 not increase that number? Allow the opportunity 21 for other students around the city who don't have 22 the financial opportunities to actually attend 23 college, who don't get that opportunity to 24 actually come . Like raising that number, giving 25 the opportunity to students, because sometimes

2 people miss out on going to college because their 3 families don't have the financials to do so, their grades may not be there. I feel like this 4 5 program is something that has helped me grow as a person, has helped me become a leader on this 6 7 campus, and it could give the opportunity to so many other people that need it. So I feel like 8 9 that's something that can be progressed on this 10 campus, and I hope to see some change. 11 DR. JONES: Very good. Thank you. 12 MR. CHRISTIAN: I'd like to say one 13 thing. First of all, I echo everything you say 14 about EOP. Many in the community are aware that 15 New Paltz submitted a proposal for some SUNY 16 funding through the -- it's called a performance 17 funding program, and we specifically sought funding to increase the enrollment in our EOP 18 program by 100 students over a four-year period, 19 20 and that includes hiring additional counselors. 21 Part of the reason the EOP is so successful is 22 the dedicated work of the advisors in the 23 program, increased stipend financial support for

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25 expanded program. So we're still waiting for

students, funding to remodel some space for an

2 that proposal. But I wanted to respond to let you and other members of the community know how 3 much we agree with everything you said about EOP 4 5 and what it brings to opportunities for students. 6 Thank you. DR. JONES: Very good. We've got about 7 eight more minutes. I want to take about six 8 9 more minutes --10 SPEAKER: Over here. 11 DR. JONES: Over here. Thank you. 12 Stand up for me. SPEAKER: I think the issue that I --13 14 how to phrase this? I believe that sometimes as 15 a student I feel discouraged and I feel like as 16 -- as a student I feel discouraged when I hear 17 that type of administrative response. Just because as students we're telling administration 18 we're hurting. Like this is not okay, we do not 19 feel safe and comfortable in the environment we 20 21 pay to attend. This is my home now. I spend the 22 majority of my time here on this SUNY New Paltz 23 campus and I feel like administration -- that 24 administration response, what I got from it, I 25 don't know, that was my interpretation, it was

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2 like well you don't understand, we're kind of the 3 victims too, you don't see what we're doing. But the thing is we're the students right here saying 4 5 there's something wrong. Like we don't feel safe. And I understand sometimes you try to put 6 your best foot forward, but I also think it's to 7 be receptive of someone letting you know that 8 what you're doing right now is not enough. You 9 10 need to place a higher standard on your work. 11 You need to surpass what you have done in the 12 past so our future can be better. And with that 13 administrative response, I just feel saddened.

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14 DR. JONES: Yeah, yeah. I think your 15 point is so powerful because one part of it is to 16 say -- and I hear you saying I understand that there's some steps that they have to take for 17 18 change to happen. I also hear you saying I don't know that you heard my pain. I don't know that 19 20 you heard that you may be working on a five-year 21 clock, I'm working on a daily clock. Right? You 22 may be working on a strategic clock. I'm working 23 on a second-by-second clock. Does that make 24 sense? It's not one or the other. And I hear 25 you saying so when that second-by-second clock

doesn't get acknowledged, right, even though
that's not the intent, it has an impact, and the
impact is you didn't hear what I just said, that
I felt, that I experienced, and where is that on
the priority list in the strategy. Is that fair?

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7 SPEAKER: Yeah. Just to add something. I feel like sometimes administration wants to be 8 9 applauded for doing the right thing. It seems 10 like you want Black students on campus to clap 11 every single time you go by saying ooh, you 12 finally took a step in the right direction, 13 you're finally righting your wrongs. It's not like -- it is -- it is the time, because someone 14 15 mentioned it. These are our only four years as 16 an undergrad. The thing is everything I've done 17 here on this campus, I recognize that I won't see a lot of this -- a lot of like our impact come to 18 the front just because. Hopefully if the work 19 20 doesn't get done in my four years, I've at least 21 helped pave the way for other students to pick up 22 the struggle and so one day we can -- we can have 23 the perfect campus environment.

24DR. JONES: Yeah, yeah, yeah. Thank25you. Thank you.

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2	We'll go over here.
3	SPEAKER: Thank you. Hi, everyone. My
4	name is (redacted name). I'm also a proud
5	student of the EOP program here at SUNY New
6	Paltz. I'm a junior communications major.
7	Just to piggyback off of (redacted
8	name). I agree with the discouragement by the
9	administrative response. To hear from I'm
10	sorry, I don't know your name next to Professor
11	Winn. That we accept 1,100 new students every
12	year and that we're still waiting for funding to
13	accept 100 more EOP students doesn't really add
14	up to me when I live in Shango Hall and I'm in
15	perfect view of the two new science buildings
16	that are being built. And I also work for Sodexo
17	over at Ridgeview at the new residence hall that
18	was built with, I'm guessing, funding by some
19	other place.
20	I'm sorry that my wrist is a little
21	shaky.
22	DR. JONES: That's okay.
23	SPEAKERS: These things emit an
24	emotional response out of me because this is also
25	my home and I come from somewhere where the

2 economic portion of our little divide here is not really talked about. So when you say that you've 3 4 been requesting money for the additional 5 students, well where is that ledger because I'd 6 love to see it as a student who pays to be here. 7 I want to know where this money is coming from and I want to know the exact numbers because it 8 9 doesn't add up to me.

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10 (Redacted name) and I met at 11 orientation and we're still good friends to this 12 day, and I'm thankful every single day for the 13 connections that I have through EOP and I'm 14 thankful for the strength in our community. But 15 also these conversations don't happen until we 16 have to all put our faces and names out there and 17 rally in front of the sub and rally at the police 18 station. You know, this doesn't happen, you know. And it's just -- I guess I'm talking -- I 19 20 came in late so I didn't know the guidelines --21 DR. JONES: That's okay. That's okay. 22 SPEAKER: -- about what we can improve

on. I guess something to be improved on as a
student here, I don't see the money breakdown,
you know. I know the issue is Black versus

2 White, and I've known that my entire life as someone who identifies as a Latina. So I want to 3 know about money now, you know. I want to know 4 where this is coming from and when is it going to 5 get here. Because like (redacted name) said and 6 7 like you explained, you all may be working on a five-year clock, ten-year clock or how ever many 8 9 year clock. We've been oppressed for --10 AUDIENCE: Five hundred years. 11 SPEAKER: If that. So, you know, to me 12 it just seems -- it's like (redacted name) said, 13 there's no better way to put it, it's very 14 discouraging. 15 Also, I don't mean to take up 16 everyone's time but in terms of orientation, the perception about EOP to general admission 17 18 students is one thing, but the perception about EOP from SMP students is a whole other thing. 19 20 There is a divide within our community that no 21 one is addressing, that no one gives a -- excuse 22 my language -- damn about. That to me is 23 discouraging because one of my closest friends is 24 an SMP student and our whole first year was oh, 25 but you're EOP, I don't get that, I don't get

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2 that extra tutoring, I don't get that extra 500 to my tuition. As messed up as that made me feel 3 as an EOP student, I didn't get mad at that 4 5 person, I got mad at the institution because what makes an EOP student and an SMP student different 6 7 that now other people can disregard us, and this is the divide within our community now. 8 This is 9 the conversation that we're having instead of how 10 can we rise up and collaborate as students of 11 color who are oppressed in this place to 12 continue, because that's when we're going to 13 start getting some kind of mobility. 14 DR. JONES: Very good. Thank you. 15 Thank you very much. I'm aware of time. And as these 16 17 conversations go, we're just getting started and it's time to close our time together. 18 We started out saying that there is a 19 20 need for ongoing sustained dialogue. Right? That 21 we wanted to practice some position Bs as we 22 listened, as we spoke, as we leaned in. I hope 23 you have heard something, an idea, a statement, 24 an experience, that is either new to you or that 25 you disagree with, because that's where learning

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2 happens. That's where we're able to see multiple faces. That's where we're able to understand 3 4 multiple experiences and perspectives. You all have heard the saying it's a marathon, not a 5 sprint. Right? This takes ongoing work. 6 7 I love your point around communication, right, and how do we -- I work with this one 8 9 university where there was a lot that was 10 happening in many places and spaces. The 11 communication around the progress being made, the 12 priorities and the monies being placed and where

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13 that was happening wasn't being communicated. 14 And so there was this gap in an understanding of 15 the current state. And there were many rigorous conversations about that commitment and short and 16 17 long-term goals, right. And at the same time, 18 while there was so much work being focused on moving the needle, if you will, there wasn't as 19 much communication about how do we let the rest 20 21 of the community know that we're moving on our 22 commitment.

There's another part of this that also
says -- there's a great author by the name of Dr.
Ronald Heifetz. He talks about adaptive

2 leadership and he uses the analogy that I love. He talks about it's important for us to look --3 when we're looking for adaptive challenges, it's 4 5 important for us to pay attention to the dance floor and the balcony. On the dance floor is 6 7 where we're looking at the day-to-day, we're looking at what's happening in our classes, in 8 9 our departments on that second-by-second basis. 10 On the balcony is where we look up to see what's 11 happening on the dance floor. Right? And part 12 of what I heard today was we need to make sure that we're acknowledging when we're on the 13 14 balcony the experiences that are happening on the 15 dance floor, and when we're on the dance floor I 16 heard people saying we want to know the data that 17 you're using on the balcony. Right? That it's important for us to look at both of those and 18 make sure we're exchanging information. 19

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20 The other thing I want to say and then 21 I'll hand it off for some closing comments from 22 President Christian, the other thing I want to 23 say is this is hard work. Like we say that every 24 faculty member is the director of diversity in 25 her classroom. Every department chair is the

director of diversity and inclusion in their 2 3 department. Every RA is the director of diversity in her floor. But this is shared 4 5 responsibility, right? On every team. It's about leadership and it's about engagement and 6 7 leadership at all levels. Right? So I'm really excited about our 8 9 dialogue today. I saw folks taking risks, I saw 10 folks leaning in. And I'd like to say if you 11 leave with more questions than you have answers, 12 we have done our job well, because often times 13 it's not about the right answer, it's about 14 knowing the right question to ask and which 15 questions not to ask, right, that move the 16 community forward. So I'm going to ask you to give 17 yourself a round of applause for attending this 18 19 Town Hall on Inclusion and really leaning in and 20 taking some risks. 21 (Applause.) 22 DR. JONES: A little bit louder. A 23 little bit louder. No courtesy claps. No 24 courtesy claps. 25 (Applause.)

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1 2 DR. JONES: It's been an honor and a 3 privilege. I want to invite you -- each of you 4 5 have index cards on your chairs. I want to invite you, if there's a question or a topic that 6 7 you feel you'd love to still have us engage in dialogue about or some changes you'd like to see 8 9 again that will let you know that real commitment 10 is going on, we'll invite you to write those and 11 just leave them on your chair and we'll collect 12 those, because we want your input as well. It's 13 been a pleasure and honor being with you. President Christian. 14 15 MR. CHRISTIAN: First I want to thank 16 Dr. Jones for your exceptional leadership of this 17 conversation. 18 DR. JONES: Thank you very much. 19 (Applause.) 20 MR. CHRISTIAN: As always, thank you. 21 I want to thank everyone for being here today. A 22 special thanks to members of our smaller group up 23 here. I appreciate you sharing your insights, 24 hearing the affirmation of things that we're doing well. I learned much about your 25

1 2 perceptions of things that we can do better at. Many members of this community I think 3 are aware that we're undertaking a plan to 4 5 develop a diversity and inclusion plan. That will be happening this spring. Part of the goal 6 7 there will be to create an ongoing structure so that we have these conversations on a continuous 8 9 basis rather than episodically. Very important 10 for us to do. That will be a broad-based 11 committee that we hope will have tentacles out to 12 the rest of the community, creating some 13 structure to have these conversations be engaged 14 much more broadly, having all of us recognize our 15 roles as diversity officers. 16 One person I have not acknowledged and want to thank for her role in leading this 17

particular effort as well as many of our broader 18 diversity and inclusion efforts is (redacted 19 20 name). Many of you I think have worked with 21 (redacted name). I thank you for your work and 22 leading us.

23 So thank you all again for being part 24 of this really important effort that we need to 25 continue.

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6	CERTIFICATION
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9	I, MICHELLE CONERO, a Notary Public
10	for and within the State of New York, do hereby
11	certify:
12	That hereinbefore set forth is a
13	true transcription of the audio recording provided
14	to me by SUNY New Paltz.
15	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto
16	set my hand this 17th day of February 2016.
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19	MICHELLE CONERO
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